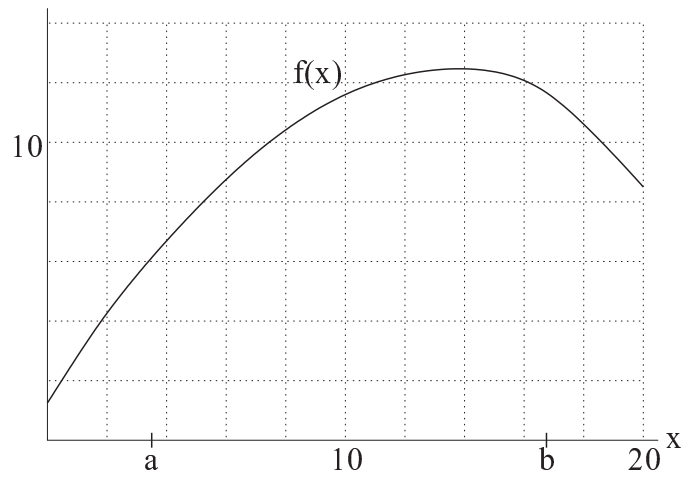


Section 2.1 – Input and Output

Preliminary Example. Complete each of the following.



1. $f(10) = \underline{11.5}$.
2. If $f(x) = 10$, then $x = \underline{7.2 \text{ or } 18.7}$.
3. $f(a) = \underline{6}$.
4. $f(10) - f(6) = \underline{11.5 - 8.7 = 2.8}$.

Examples and Exercises

1. The following table shows the amount of garbage produced in the U.S. as reported by the EPA.

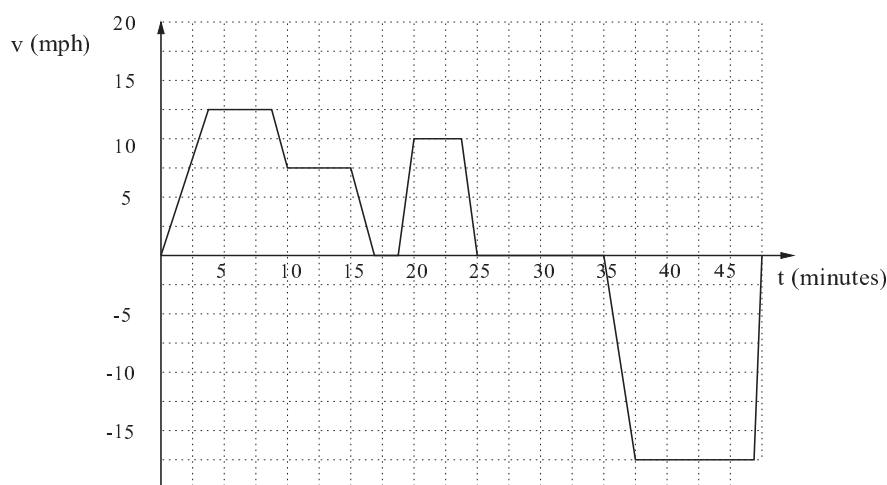
t (years: 1960 $\equiv$ 60)	60	65	70	75	80	85	90
G (millions of tons of garbage)	90	105	120	130	150	165	180

Consider the amount of garbage G as a function of time $G = f(t)$. Include units with your answers.

- (a) $f(60) = 90$ million tons of garbage
 (b) $f(75) = 130$ million tons of garbage
 (c) Solve $f(t) = 165$.

$t = 85$ years, which represents the year 1985.

2. Given is the graph of the function $v(t)$. It represents the velocity of a man riding his bike to the library and going back home after a little while. A negative velocity indicates that he is riding toward his house, away from the library.



Evaluate and interpret:

- (a) $v(5) = 12.5$ m.p.h.
 After 5 minutes, the man is riding at a speed of 12.5 miles per hour toward the library.
 (b) $v(40) = -17.5$ m.p.h.
 After 40 minutes, the man is riding at a speed of 17.5 miles per hour toward home.
 (c) $v(12) - v(7) = 7.5 - 12.5 = -5$ m.p.h.
 The man is riding 5 miles per hour faster toward the library after 7 minutes than he is after 12 minutes.

Solve for t and interpret:

- (d) $v(t) = 5$
Solutions: $t = 1.5, 16, 19, 24$ minutes
 These are the times when the man is riding at a speed of 5 miles per hour toward the library.
 (e) $v(t) = -10$
Solutions: $t = 37, 47$ minutes
 These are the times when the man is riding at a speed of 10 miles per hour toward home.
 (f) $v(t) = v(10)$
Solutions: $t = 2.5, 19.5, 23.5$, and all real numbers between 10 and 15 minutes
 These are the times when the man is riding at the same velocity as he is when $t = 10$ minutes.

3. Consider the functions given below.

(a) Let $f(x) = x^2 - 2x - 8$.

i. Find $f(0)$.

$$f(0) = 0^2 - 2 \cdot 0 - 8 = -8.$$

ii. Solve $f(x) = 0$.

We have

$$\begin{aligned} x^2 - 2x - 8 = 0 & \implies (x - 4)(x + 2) = 0 \\ & \implies x = 4 \text{ or } x = -2, \end{aligned}$$

so our answers are 4 and -2.

(b) Let $f(x) = \frac{1}{x+2} - 1$

i. Find $f(0)$.

$$f(0) = \frac{1}{0+2} - 1 = -\frac{1}{2}.$$

ii. Solve $f(x) = 0$.

We have

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{1}{x+2} - 1 = 0 & \implies \frac{1}{x+2} = 1 \\ & \implies 1 = x + 2 \\ & \implies -1 = x, \end{aligned}$$

so our answer is -1.

4. Let $f(x) = \frac{x}{x+1}$. Calculate and simplify $f\left(\frac{1}{t+1}\right)$, writing your final answer as a single fraction.

We have

$$\begin{aligned} f\left(\frac{1}{t+1}\right) &= \frac{\frac{1}{t+1}}{\frac{1}{t+1} + 1} = \frac{\frac{1}{t+1}}{\frac{1}{t+1} + \frac{t+1}{t+1}} \\ &= \frac{\frac{1}{t+1}}{\frac{1+t+1}{t+1}} \\ &= \frac{\frac{1}{t+1}}{\frac{1+t+1}{t+1}} \cdot \frac{t+1}{t+1} \\ &= \frac{1}{1+t+1}, \end{aligned}$$

so our final answer is $\frac{1}{t+2}$.